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Selected Information on Consumer Welfare in the USBR

3 April 1955

# 1. All Ground-Dissertition in Moor Income.

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money per menth as the everys wester and should by times as much as the lowest-paid wester (see Suble 1). These disperities, which are deliberately finitered by the leadership, a beams over greater when enleabeted in terms of over-un-leases and of terms. The rich are able to add proportionately more to their regular energy income than the poor through beamses and such ass-acceptary per-quiettes as hearing privileges, etc., while bearing proportionately later of the test burden.

At the top of the impose spale are found artists, suthors, accessionate.

But high officials of government and party, as shown in Dable 1. Screens 1. Normal 2 were factory directors and highly skilled workers, scendily a sers. At or income time bottom fall various types of unskilled workers like surrepers, might enter the bottom fall various types of unskilled workers like surrepers, might enter the clausing woman and supposessors.

an everage cultestive farmer (not shown in Table 1) is estimated to be excess

lub rubbee, or only one-quarter that of the average worker. \*\* In respect to

total issues, however, he stands in a more favorable position. In contrast to

the worker, he derives a considerable proportion of this total imposes—probably

case-balf or even more—from income in time, and his total income may transfer

be an high so 330 rubbee a month, or almost one-balf that of the average worker.

Theoretical prenouncements emplicitly meantion inequalities as a mercusary elementaristic of the "exciplist" stage in the development of a Communist date; ungo-policies put this point of view into practice, as int ented in costion 2 below. 2

The estimate is a crude one, obtained by doubling total money indican respected by the collective force (efficially reported so \$9.0 billion rubbes in \$27.5 ½ ), and dividing by an estimated \$0 million collective from various. The normy income of the collectives has been inflated to allow for many income which the individual forces receives from other searces, sutably makes on the free market. Here reflect computations indicate the results are on the liberal

UMER: Some Indications of Disparities in Henry Income g/1999-1999.

1579:757 (Save where otherwise noted)

Cutegory	Monthly Mage or Salary (is Robles)	Inches In	entire Char	Letter - mail	
Head of Hesearch Institute (1.50) by	13,000	19.	Limes	65.	times
Seilled Miner (1945-9) 5/	5-10,000	715.	times	25-50.	times
Structur of Automobile Featory (1952) of	7-3,000	1012.	times	3510.	times
Spera Star L	6-7,000	910.	timee	3035.	times
University Professor 3	6,000	3.9	times	30.	times
idiactor of Gandy Factory	4,000	5.9	times	20.	times
highly welled warker 2	2,000	3. <b>c</b>	times	10.	times
Thomas Salaman (1956) 10	900	1.3	times	4.5	times
Average Lademortal worker b/	790	1.2	times	4.0	times
Average worker (met.) g/	975	1.0	times	3.4	times
teater lies worker 2"	600	C.·+	times	3.0	times
conspers, Night matches (1980) 11,	350-450	C.5-0.7	times	1.3-2.3	times
Lover-paid buther (cot.) &	<b>\$</b> 1	0.3	times	1.0	times

a. A few of the figures in this table refer to years prior to 1953-54. These are the land because disparities of the order they suggest are believed still to exist.

This percentage has been applied to a 1940 figure of 4,320 rubles per year, which has been derived by taking the planned figure for 1941, or 4,530 rubles per year, said defiating in the light of the 6 percent by which planned 1941 wages are believed in accordance to have exceeded actual 1940 levels.

The average unge for 1940 (all ostegories of unges and calary carners) was officially paver as 1,054 rubies per year. On the supposition that the average for the aggregate ruse somewhat less than the average for verters in industry alone, this figure has been increased by 100 percent (as against 119 percent for inter-acce previous fectaous) and the result rounded, to obtain counterpart for 1953.

hased on estimates for 1950 ranging from 190 to 200 rubles per month. 11/ The
assaughtion has been made that the wage of the lowest-paid worker increased elightly
between 1/50 and 1953.

#### 2. Butter

#### a. Manrilla

Sections of the commer, between groups within industry as a whole, between different types of work is a given industry or between different areas in which a given type is performed. This brief has limited itself to a few short comments on each of these.

Notices the boot-paid and verd-paid sectors of the occasing in 1985, construction and agriculture respectively, the dispurity was almost 36 to 1. 15/ In 1935 .t had marround almost to 2 to 1. 15/ He later data are known directly exoper as sectors.

paid workers in 15% was about 25 to 1. 16. Since 19% inequalities in industry one believes to have increased, 8 hearts in 1950 estimating the ratio between top and lotton as % to or even higher. 17. Table 1 regroduess the specific estimates ( %illed Miners' and Lement-paid Morter") upon which this ratio is based.

Thus such as the wage structure has remained essentially stable since 1950, 18/
the current disparity between top and bottom workers in industry in believed to

Payment according to the letter is the more forestd and the more provident method. 20/
On both bases, tages are further differentiated by both region and skill entegery.

Exemplifying these differentiations are the 1950 ashedules of time and piece rates
for the Ministry of the Fisher and Paper Industries shown in Tables 2 and 3. Ional
differences, as shown there, are substantial, rates for the top sees being from

Table 2 UNIX: Time Intex Sur the Pay of Labor in the Ministry of the Tinher and Paper Industries g/ 1879

					200-				refer intental
lane		I		-30		Y			India of III to I
1	<b>D</b> '	10-65	10-66	11-95	13-65	15-4	18-62	22-95	2.Sh times
n	9/	9-60	1043	11-46	30-76	34-07	17-08	<b>20-40</b>	2-17 times
ш	•	8-92	9-36	10-6	11-67	13-51	15-61	18-63	<u> </u>
14	•/	8-4	8-63	9-34	20-79	25-45	14-41	26-45	2.00 times
Bati	o of								
I w	· IV	1.25	1.26	1.46	1.3	1.30	7.33	1.40	
		Limes	Limes	Manne	times	times	there	Manage	

a. Yor the pay of labor of time-rage wegters, exployed to the system of enterprises of the Manistry of the Sieber and Paper Industries of the MMR for logging, Sheeting, etc." 20/

- b. Includes, among other areas, Princetti and Eleberovat Rrupe
- c. Delides, enong other even, Seventhirst, Chelysbinst, Rosses and Lemingrad Chiests.
- d. Includes, enoug other erose, Bulbishovek and Sucleask Chlasts.
- e. Includes, enong other erosp, the Haldwrien SER.

Table 3

USSR: Pisce Bates for the Pay of Labor in the Ministry of the Tinber and Payor
Industries g/ 1950

-								den ethe	reter intented)
Lam.			5 K		T.	· ·			below Time I
1	$\mathbf{Y}$	n-13	19-03	13-09	15-53	17-	24	<b>5-</b>	2.59 times
n	V	20-53	11-45	19-67	14-65	25-34	20-44	23-36	2 M2 Name
ш	<b>D</b>	9-73	10-27	11-04	19-57	15-13	17-44	22-02	2.15 times
IA	<b>D</b>	8-93	<b>9-39</b>	70-42	11-69	13-53	15-63	28-44	2.09 times
Ret to				1.30 Mana				1.39 times	

a. These represent the renumeration for a day's piece-work as defined by specific name set for the particular function. (2)

b. For enoughes of event included in this tent, one corresponding features in Table 2.

### t Boal Crate.

Tables I am 5 contain estimates of real costs to the swarge Soviet

Whater of a selected food header and enlected communer goods, "costs" being given
in turns of wirk time required to buy.

Table 4 estimates the time on average Soviet vester had to test in 1995 in order to buy a food bashet which, according to results of an official survey. represented the typical communities pattern of an average Soviet vester's family in 1925, and compares this with the time he had to work to buy the same bashet in 1925. The Sable shows that this waster to 1974 had to work almost 35 moves a week, or more than two-thinks his total wark-week of 46 hours, to buy the decignated bashet. It shows, furthermore, that this represents an expenditure of time almost 30 powers sove then that populated in 1925. Including of prices other than State prices would probably show an over greater disparity between the two years.

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\* 10

Table 4

UBGR: Approximate Merktime Required to Day a Neek's Supply of Selected Foods at State-Fixed Prices in Nascov, April 1, 1988, and April 1, 1994 g/

Food			Quantity command: per week by he person family 4/	Approximate  In House  1000 1074	Worktime g/ 1954 compared with 1988
Rye breed, 1 kg.	.080	1.24	9.84 kg.	2.71 3.69	1.36 times
Potetoes, 1 kg.	.085	.75	12.16 kg.	3.56 2.76	0.78 times
Beef, 1 kg.	.870	12.60	3.68 kg.	11.04 14.01	1.27 times
Bitter, 1 kg.	2.430	26.75	.44 kg.	3.69 3.56	0.96 times
Sugar, 1 kg.	.620	9.09	1.80 kg.	3.85 4.94	1.26 times
Male, i liter	.063	2.20	4.96 liter	1.08 3.30	3.06 times
Egus, per 10	.200	6.83	6.40 units	.44 1.33	3.00 times
ALL 7 FOODS				26.37 33.59	1.27 times

- A adaptation of a table in a monograph by US Department of Labor. 15/1974 average wage figure of 17% rubies per, month (about 3.31 per hour), which is the figure used at Int. a lost this report has been substituted for source's anofficial estimate of 500 per no in, and worstime figures for this year appropriately adjusted. This has been done to make an estimate which, all relevant fragments of information taken into actually, as almost certainly close to the true figure but on the liberal side. Because if this, and because siso so consideration has been given to non-State prices (which exceeded date prices in 1/54, and are believed to have done so by a larger measure that it 1921), the results shown in this Table are inquestionably understatements. Since there was no price reduction un'April 1, 1955, and wages changed little between April 1, 1954 and April 1, 1955 (they probably continued their slow rise), the conclusions of this Table, practically appearing, are about as valid for the spring of 1955 as for the preceding apring.
- the file is. Sowiet prices from the Poople's Commissariat of Labor, as transmitted to the Literational Labor Office. 25. These prices were lower than those in private trade, while played a large role in workers' consumption, and their use may somewhat inflate the workers' real purchasing power at that time. On the other hand, it appears that Moscow food prices were noticeably higher than the national everage in 1929; but Moscow goods were superior in quality. 21/
- council of Ministers, December 14,1947, 23/and are adjusted in conformity with the six percentage price reductions introduced by Decrees of Pobruary 23, 1949; February 23, 1950; February 23, 1951; April 1, 1952; April 1, 1953; and April 1, 1954. Mescow prices are on a slightly higher level than average prices for the UMR. 25/Prices f potatoes are not given in these decrees; before April 1954, according to reliable observers, they ranged from 45 to 1.00 ruble per kilogram in Moscow state stores; the figure here used is in the middle of the range.
- 4. Weekly consumption figures per person in 1928 are from the International Labour Office. 30/ The average worker's family in 1928 was a persons.
- e. The worktime is computed by multiplying quantity consumed by price and dividing the product by average hourly cardigs. The legal Seviet work month is approximately 20% hours (six β-hour days a week with allowance for helidays). In 1988, efficial national average carnings were 703 rubles per year, 22/or .29 ruble per hour; in 195%, the estimated national average carnings were about 675 rubles a month, or about 3.31 rubles per hour.

Table 5

UMM: Approximate Northine Required to Bay Selected Compdition at Fixed State Store Prices in Messer (April 1, 1954) and Her Bork Otty (March 15, 1954) g/

		Americane Markline s/				
Commodity and Unit	Price by	Heres		Test City	vith the lock	
Poods:						
Rye Brend, 1 kg. (2.2 lt)	1.34	23	nin	13 min. <b>4</b> /	1.9 <b>times</b>	
Popatoes, 1 kg.	•75	14	min	Sjuda.	5.6 times	
Beef, average qual., 1 kg.	12.60	229	min	49 min.	4.7 times	
Sutter, second qual., 1 kg.	26.75	486	min.	57 min. g/	3.5 times	
Sugar, 1 kg.	9.09	165	min.	7-1/3 min.	23. times	
Milk, 1 11s. (1.06 qs.)	2.20	40	min.	8-1/3 min.	4.8 times	
Regn, per 10	6.38	185	min.	18 ma.	6.9 times	
Tea, 100 grams (3/ os.)	9-33	170	min.	9 mln.	19. times	
Mezi & Wong'						
Shirts, printed Cotton, each	66.00	20	bre.	1 hour	20. times	
Socke, part rayon, pair	10.00	3	hre.	18 min.	10. times	
Salts, wool, single-breasted, each	1,100.00	42	days	3 days	14. times	
Overcomts, wool, each	1,100.00	38	days	3 days	12. times	
Shoes, black calf, pair	290.0	n	daye	1 day	11. times	
human's Wears						
Dresses, cotton, each	52.00	16	ponea	2 hours	5.0 times	
Baite, wool, each	515.00	19	days	21 hours	7.2 times	
Shoes, leather, pair	185.00	7	days	5-1/3 hours	11. times	
Other Commodities						
Scep, toilet, 100 gram cake (3) os)	1,16	20.	min-	3 min.	7.0 times	
Radio, 6 tubes, table, each	765.00	89	<b>tays</b>	13 2000	18. 12mes	
Wodka, 0.75 liter (1/5 gal.)	<b>32.40</b>	7	hours	9-1/3 hours	3.0 times	
Tobacco, 50 gr. (1-3/4 es.)	.te	15	nin.	6 min.	2.5 times	

- a. An adaptation of table in managraph by UB Department of labor. 33/ Seviet everage wage figure of 675 rubbes per month (about 3.31 per hour), thick is the figure used in Table 1 of this report, has been substituted for source's unofficial estimate of 600 per month, and Seviet weektime figures appropriately adjusted. This has been done to obtain an estimate, thick, all relevant frequents of information taken into account, is almost cortainly close to the true figure on the 11baral side. But once of this, and because also no consideration has been given to free market prices (which were considerably higher than State prices), the results shown by the Table are unquestionably unforestatements. Since in the US prices have runnined stoody thile vague have slowly risen, and since substantially the same development has occurred in the Soviet Union, as explained in Table 4, footnote 3/ the conclusions of Table 5, prestically speaking, are as valid for the spring of 1959 as for the preceding spring.
- b. See Table 4, footnote b/
- Soviet worktime has been computed on the basis of the legal 204-hour month (six obliver days a week with allowance for helidays) of the majority of Soviet workers, and on estimated everage earnings of 675 rubbes a month. Now York City worktime has been computedly on basis of prices in Now York on March 15, 1954, and on everage gross earnings in mid-February of \$1.95 per hour of production workers in manufacturing. The manufacturing figure is used because of the unavailability of nonagricultural earnings data for Now York City. However, the difference between thek manufacturing and nonagricultural figures is not significant for the Moscow-New York comparisons.
- d. For write bread.
- e. First quality (92-93 m score).

in which it is ease, the limits to these terms should be strictly identified. It is particularly important to remember that the comparison caps nothing short notwell food budgets in 1954—and the ratio of actual find expenditures to total angund:

times in their year was probably lower, and closer to 60 percent. Also, the comparison caps nothing about total finally income—and it is haven that with the

improves in number of workers per finally, total finally income improved at a pute

creater than that of individual workers. Finally, the comparison says nothing

about intervening years—and the years since 1943 have situated a stoody in
provement. In the invite of the Soriet worker as measured in this finalism.

Table i corpores the average Macodite and New York workers in suspect to approximate work the required to buy malasted communer goods. These examples soon abriefly be understood within the strict limits of the terms in which they are east.

## Callegive Farmers - Dismurities in Manney Incomes

rate logic. Perious specific tests are graded assembling to present qualitative and quantitative differences and valued in terms of an arbitrary common described and quantitative differences and valued in terms of an arbitrary common described and a work-day, or invitable. Mosting an case of enters, for instance, may be notified a value five times as such, or two end one-half work-days. The manufacty value of a work-day unit for a specific from in them control at by dividing the form instance, and the individual vector paid assemblingly. Differences in the different momentary payments for the work-day on versions forms and in vertex arrows from give a measure of inscare differentials.

Tacles and "exhibit seem of these differences. Table 5 contracts work-day values (not work-day paperents to the individual holikhomak) for various types of apprentitural endeavour the figures beving been derived by dividing total gross income of the dealige test groups of collective forms from deliveries and onless to the State by total maker of work-days expended. Table 7 contracts estail each payments per work-day. Table 6 is based directly upon official data, and specifically upon statements by Europhoisev. Table 7 conto from a semi-official source. In the other of soft Tables, the figures meak for themselves. Pertiabely interesting in this meanly 50 to 1 disparity between work-day payments of the most prosperies and least prosperies within Husser Calent only, and the low enteres is an entire Saym pathor than an individual collective faces, 15 can addit to considered an understandant of the currence disparity between individual collectives in the country of a whole.

Table 6

Will: Dispurities in Onlinetive From West-Bay Walnuts in Worless Arms and Sur Various Grops in 1873 of 25/

ATOR	Greek.		•	James Blat	
Central Asian Regulation	Cotton	They Robe	<b>36</b>	9.6 times	
Control Acies Republics	Cotton	Arrange States	<b>36.</b> 5	6.6 times	
USTR	Toutestest Craps	Arestage Rade	24	4.5 times	
Cestral Agian Republies	Cotton	Low Rate	17	4.3 time	
Versinian Republic	Degar Boot	Arrenge Rate	74	3.0 times	
Boarth Connectus	Grain	Arrango Ruto	•	2.0 times	
trisk	Animal Backsondry	Arestego Brito	5	1.3 times	
There is no Republic	Animal Deshardry	Average Bate	•	1.6 time	

<sup>&</sup>quot; B's a of embeddation is described in test.

Table 7

USSR: Disperities in Work-Day Payments in Cosh on Collective Payms in Noncov Chlast 19/
1945-50 Averages 2

Litting or rea a	Commission with York-Day Pr	counts in Cost for
Vied wir Elgien Kolkhoe, Lemin Rayon	18-3 times	by d time
Land's Beyon	4.0 times	16-0 times
Pokeds Kalishos, Daitzev Buyon	2 P Nimes	Mid time
Stalin & Dison, Zernick Rayon	2.2 time	8.8 times
Mr. Lorene - Recycle	1.0 times	4.1 times
Chinat trement	1.0 times	4.0 time
and the response	0 8 times	3-2 times
Zepnenja Rayon	0.5 times	2.0 times
Marmisk Ingos	0 25 times	1.0 times

a. There are 57 Jugues in Mosor Chlest. These were 6,009 Inditions before the configurations of 1950, 1,668 afterwards.

- ¥ 连 %.
- Por e 10 1074, q --to have of t p. 18-31, which to fould be to Val. VI, Bo. 30, 8 800 94, p. 6.
- 3. Hurrary Broadki, So. 11, 1894.
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- 5. Bid , citing following neurosco: Durchal & Doo to Durchie, 1 Say by Mari, 1 San big. and Jacon Partole, 26 Jul 19.
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- 8. Rome at 19.01t questing in Hunde for 5 Dec 1953
- Lety on Regional (Red. o) Service, Rigs, 26 Her 54, etted in PRIII, Baily Resorts
  UNEW And Partorn Royce, 20 Mar 54, p. 30 6 (Official See Only). Figures cited are implicitly everage for groups designated.
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- 19. Schultz and Viles. ob.eit., p. 302
- 19. Enspetin, co-cit., pp. 6-7 in translation.
- Direiber, M.S., Bent 20 bunistat, 1950, m. 5-6. Marie Ma Marie Ma Marie Marie
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- 22. For instance, Brief on John See L D. 27, Mg 1878.
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- 26. Proving, 14 See 1967, For field list of goods and prices see Superheast of labor, Sureas of Labor Statistics, State on Labor, See 1966.
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- 31. Seineurs, Saleum, Lager in the Series Spien, Ser Bock, Progger, 1852, p. 116.
- 2 Dr.4 v 1652, Hosen, 1977, p. 17.
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